

ceived by an agency or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ELMER ROYAL FAY, SR.

The Clerk called the bill (S. 573) for the relief of Elmer Royal Fay, Sr.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated to Elmer Royal Fay, Senior, captain, United States Army, retired, of Hillcrest Heights, Maryland, the sum of \$228.68, in full satisfaction of all his claims against the United States for compensation for retired pay which was withheld from him by the United States during the period from July 1, 1947, through August 11, 1947, while the said Elmer Royal Fay, Senior, was an employee of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Department of the Navy, at Washington, District of Columbia: *Provided,* That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GEORGIE LOU RADER

The Clerk called the bill (S. 1206) for the relief of Georgie Lou Rader.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act providing for the barring of claims against the United States", approved October 9, 1940 (54 Stat. 1061), the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Georgie Lou Rader, of Knoxville, Tennessee, the sum of \$1,440, representing the amount of the six months' death gratuity payable to her upon the death of her son, Second Lieutenant Kenneth R. Rader, who died on March 27, 1945, while serving in the Armed Forces of the United States, the said Georgie Lou Rader having relied upon erroneous information from United States Army personnel that she might file application for such gratuity at any time: *Provided,* That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the

provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ARCHIE L. DICKSON, JR.

The Clerk called the bill (S. 1445) for the relief of Archie L. Dickson, Jr.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the Secretary of the Air Force is authorized and directed to determine the amount and effective date of the retirement pay to which Archie L. Dickson, Junior, would have been entitled if (1) the Office of the Surgeon General of the Army in reviewing his case in 1945 and 1946 had found that the said Archie L. Dickson, Junior, was, at the time he was relieved from active duty in 1946, permanently incapacitated for active service and that his incapacity for active service was the result of an incident of service as a commissioned officer in the United States Air Force incurred in line of duty not due to his own misconduct and such a finding had been approved by the President or his delegate, and (2) the Department of the Air Force thereupon had certified Archie L. Dickson, Junior, in the grade of first lieutenant to the Veterans' Administration for the receipt of retired pay under the Act of April 3, 1939 (53 Stat. 557; 10 U.S.C. 2687).

(b) Upon such determination, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the said Archie L. Dickson, Junior, after deducting any disability compensation he has received from the Veterans' Administration, retired pay in such amount upon the conditions which would have been applicable if such certification had been made pursuant to the Act of April 3, 1939 (53 Stat. 557; 10 U.S.C. 2687).

(c) From the date of enactment of this Act it shall be held and considered that Archie L. Dickson, Junior, has been retired for physical disability and the Secretary of the Air Force is directed to pay him retired pay accordingly.

With the following committee amendment:

Page 1, line 3: After the word "That" insert "in accordance with the findings of fact of the United States Court of Claims in the case of *Archie L. Dickson, Jr. v. The United States*, Congressional No. 4-60, decided November 7, 1962."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MARY G. EASTLAKE

The Clerk called the bill (S. 1518) for the relief of Mary G. Eastlake.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the service of Mary G. Eastlake, Nurse Director (retired), Public Health Service, performed while in the employ of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, before

July 1, 1955, shall be deemed to be active service in the Public Health Service for the purpose of computing her retired pay from the Service as of the date of her retirement (December 1, 1962): *Provided,* That the increase in retired pay authorized by this Act shall not exceed the amount which would be payable as a Civil Service retirement annuity based on such service.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ALESSANDRO A. R. CACACE

The Clerk called the bill (S. 1488) for the relief of Alessandro A. R. Cacace.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of sections 101(a)(27)(A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Alessandro A. R. Cacace shall be held and considered to be the minor natural-born alien child of Mr. Hilton D. Hall, a United States citizen.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PAUL JAMES BRANAN

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 5306) for the relief of Paul James Branan.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of sections 101(a)(27)(A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Paul James Branan, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Staff Sergeant and Mrs. Thomas D. Branan, citizens of the United States: *Provided,* That the natural parents of the said Paul James Branan shall not, by virtue of such parentage, be accorded any right, privilege, or status under the Immigration and Nationality Act.

With the following committee amendment:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof the following: "That, in the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Paul James Branan may be classified as an eligible orphan within the meaning of section 101(b)(1)(F) of the Act, upon approval of a petition filed in his behalf by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas D. Branan, citizens of the United States, pursuant to section 205(b) of the Act, subject to all the conditions in that section relating to eligible orphans."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ESTERINA RICUPERO

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 3264) for the relief of Esterina Ricupero.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of

America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provision of section 212(a) of the Immigration and Naturalization Act, Esterina Ricupero may be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if she is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act: *Provided*, That this exemption shall apply only to a ground for exclusion of which the Department of State or the Department of Justice had knowledge prior to the enactment of this Act: *Provided further*, That a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the said Act.

With the following committee amendment:

On page 1, line 3, strike out "section 212 (a)" and substitute in lieu thereof "section 212(a) (1)".

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The SPEAKER. This concludes the call of the Private Calendar.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

Mr. KUNKEL. Mr. Speaker, I make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER. Evidently a quorum is not present.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Speaker, I move a call of the House.

A call of the House was ordered.

The Clerk called the roll, and the following Members failed to answer to their names:

[Roll No. 34]

Adair	Dowdy	Maillard
Ashbrook	Edmondson	Martin, Mass.
Ashmore	Finnegan	Meader
Bass	Flynt	Miller, N.Y.
Battlin	Forrester	Montoya
Bennett, Mich.	Goodell	Moss
Berry	Gray	O'Brien, Ill.
Blatnik	Green, Oreg.	O'Konski
Bolton	Griffin	Pilcher
Frances P.	Gubser	Powell
Broomfield	Halleck	Price
Brown, Calif.	Hanna	Rains
Brown, Ohio	Harvey, Ind.	Rhodes, Ariz.
Bruce	Hawkins	Richman
Buckley	Hoffman	Roberts, Tex.
Burkhalter	Hollifield	Roosevelt
Burleson	Hosmer	Rostenkowski
Burton	Hull	Roybal
Casey	Hutchinson	St. Onge
Cederberg	Jones, Ala.	Short
Celler	Kastenmeier	Smith, Calif.
Chamberlain	Kee	Thomson, Wis.
Collier	Kelly	Tuck
Colmer	Kluczynski	Tupper
Cornan	Latta	Udall
Cramer	Loggett	Wickersham
Davis, Tenn.	Leahy	Widnall
Dawson	Lindsay	Wilson, Bob
Diggs	Lloyd	Younger
Dorn	Maconald	

The SPEAKER. On this rollcall, 340 Members have answered to their names, a quorum.

By unanimous consent, further proceedings under the call were dispensed with.

READING OF WASHINGTON'S FAREWELL ADDRESS ON FEBRUARY 21

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to a special order agreed to on February 17, 1964, the Chair designates the gentleman from Hawaii [Mr. MATSUNAGA] to read Washington's Farewell Address immediately

following the reading of the Journal on February 21, 1964.

SUSPENDING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 315, COMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1934, DURING CAMPAIGN OF 1964

Mr. HARRIS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's desk the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 247) to suspend for the 1964 campaign the equal opportunity requirements of section 315 of the Communications Act of 1934 for legally qualified candidates for the offices of President and Vice President, disagree to the Senate amendments and request a conference with the Senate.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Arkansas?

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, what is the meaning of the resolution?

Mr. HARRIS. This resolution was passed by the House some time ago suspending the requirements of section 315 of the Communications Act of 1934 for this presidential year. The Senate passed the resolution making some changes and we are asking to go to conference on the differences between the House and the Senate.

Mr. GROSS. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Arkansas?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints the following conferees: Messrs. HARRIS, ROGERS of Texas, MOSS, ROSTENKOWSKI, KORNIGAY, HULL, BENNETT of Michigan, YOUNGER, CUNNINGHAM, BROYHILL of North Carolina.

REACTION AGAINST CASTRO'S SUPPLIES

(Mr. ROGERS of Florida asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. ROGERS of Florida. Mr. Speaker, it is a good sign for those who believe in getting rid of Castro in this hemisphere that the Department of State has just advised that any aid given to the United Kingdom, France, Yugoslavia, Spain, and Morocco will be terminated under the provisions of the Farnell-Rogers amendment, section 620(a) (3) of the Foreign Assistance Act.

This legislation provides that with certain exceptions no funds available under the act shall be used to furnish assistance to any country that has not taken appropriate steps by February 14 to prevent its ships and aircraft from carrying any equipment, materials, or commodities to and from Cuba.

That is the intent of Congress in respect to these countries that they should receive no aid is a first step in showing that we do mean business about isolating and getting rid of Castro. A second step should be to close our ports to ships of

any nation which allows any of its ships to trade with Cuba. Thirdly, we need increased activity by the Organization of American States, with full U.S. backing, to take the necessary steps to isolate Cuba to eliminate communism's Castro.

I want to commend Assistant Secretary of State Thomas Mann, for firming up this Government's position against Castro's suppliers.

DUAL COMPENSATION ACT

Mr. YOUNG. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up the resolution, House Resolution 624, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That upon the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 7381) to simplify, modernize, and consolidate the laws relating to the employment of civilians in more than one position and the laws concerning the civilian employment of retired members of the uniformed services, and for other purposes. After general debate, which shall be confined to the bill and shall continue not to exceed one hour, to be equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service, the bill shall be read for amendment under the five-minute rule. It shall be in order to consider the substitute amendment recommended by the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service now in the bill and such substitute for the purpose of amendment shall be considered under the five-minute rule as an original bill. At the conclusion of such consideration the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted, and any Member may demand a separate vote in the House on any of the amendments adopted in the Committee of the Whole to the bill or committee substitute. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Texas [Mr. YOUNG] is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. YOUNG. Mr. Speaker, I yield 30 minutes to the gentlewoman from New York [Mrs. St. George] and pending that I yield myself such time as I shall require.

(Mr. YOUNG asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. YOUNG. Mr. Speaker, House Resolution 624 provides for consideration of H.R. 7381, a bill to simplify, modernize, and consolidate the laws relating to the employment of civilians in more than one position and the laws concerning the civilian employment of retired members of the uniformed services, and for other purposes. The resolution provides an open rule with 1 hour of general debate, making it in order to consider the substitute amendment now in the bill as an original bill.

The general purposes of H.R. 7381 are to aid the Federal Government in obtaining the best qualified people available for hard-to-fill civilian positions; to provide reasonably uniform and fair treatment